

# **DWS RheoLab**

Contact-free rheology



### **Systems**

Gels Suspensions Polymers Emulsions Foams

### Applications

Gelation Texture analysis Aggregation Ageing Stability High-frequency rheology

### **Industries**

Food Cosmetics Specialty Chemicals Advanced Materials Academic Research

# **DWS Rheolab**

### Advanced optical microrheology

The DWS RheoLab is a powerful instrument that provides access to the sample's viscoelastic properties over an unmatched frequency range while requiring only small sample volumes. Since the measurements are contact-free and non-destructive, the use of a tightly sealed sample cell allows studies of stability or shelf-life over long periods for highly viscoelastic and fragile microstructures. Based on the powerful DWS Microrheology technique, the RheoLab is ideally suited for a wide range of viscoelastic samples, including polymers, microgels, protein solutions, emulsions, particle suspensions, dairy, and cosmetic products.

# DWS Rhad ab

### What can it measure?

- Viscosity
- Elasticity
- Mean square displacement
- Particle size

### Your benefits

• 2 in 1 instrument:

both a rheometer and a particle sizer

- Measure highly viscous samples
- Characterize fragile microstructures



Small volumes As little as 150uL of sample required



Fast Full characterization within 2-5 minutes



Contact-free Without mechanical interaction



Sealed sample

Remeasure the stored cuvette anytime

# Software

### Powerful analytical tools

We designed the software of the DWS RheoLab for both DWS experts as well as beginners. Anything from one simple, yet reliable measurement, to a complex series of multiple measurements can be performed within just a few clicks. The powerful analytical tools allow highly customizable data display and export while saving all results in a wellorganized and comprehensive database. Our software allows you to control the DWS RheoLab from any PC within the same network. You can work at your desk and remotely monitor the progress of your measurements!



# Technology

# Extract the viscoelastic properties without damaging the sample

Microrheology is a rheological method that uses the Brownian motion of tracer particles embedded in the sample. As the viscoelastic properties of the surrounding environment influence the particle's movement, microrheology can extract the viscoelastic properties without applying an external force. The RheoLab employs the DWS technology to extract the particle's motion. DWS has an unmatched sensitivity that goes far beyond particle tracking, DLS or camera-based microrheology and can also measure a much larger range of sample viscosity.





### Diffusing wave spectroscopy

DWS is an advanced light scattering technology used to measure the Brownian motion of tracer particles embedded in the sample. Similar to DLS, DWS analyzes the temporal intensity-fluctuations of light scattered by the particles. The statistics of these fluctuations are reflected in the measured correlation function from which the mean square displacement of the tracer particles can be calculated. DWS analyzes, in contrast to DLS, multiply scattered light. Each scattering event enhances the sensitivity, which makes DWS the most suitable technique for microrheology.

# Smart approach to study microstructure

Most soft materials show viscoelastic behavior, so their mechanical properties lie between that of a purely elastic solid and that of a viscous liquid. DWS microrheology can quantify both the viscous-like and the elastic-like properties of a material over a large range of time scales; which makes it a most valuable tool for understanding the microstructure and relaxation times of many soft materials.





### Extends limits of rheology

DWS RheoLab harnesses the patented Echo technique that allows rapid measurements of slowly relaxing samples equivalent to ordinary multi-speckle DWS (MS-DWS). The Echo-DWS technique also enables the measurement of high frequencies due to the fast detectors which give access to an unmatched frequency range, much larger than MS-DWS. Since Echo-DWS has a significantly higher tracer motion sensitivity than MS-DWS and DLS, it also allows the measurement of large moduli in samples such as firm gels and concentrated polymer solutions.

## **Specifications**

Technology	Diffusing Wave Spectroscopy with Echo Technology (EU Patent)
Scattering geometry	Transmission (backscattering optional)
Viscosity range	0.1 mPa · s to 1000 Pa · s *
Storage (G') & loss (G'') moduli	1 Pa to 50 kPa *
Frequency range	$0.5~\mbox{rad/s}$ to $10^5~\mbox{rad/s}$ (10 $^6~\mbox{rad/s}$ with extended frequency upgrade)
Particle sizing** (radius)	0.1 to 1 $\mu\text{m}$ * (accuracy of ±5% in the turbid range)
Cuvette sizes	1 x 10 mm, 2 x 10 mm, 5 x 10 mm, 10 x 10 mm
Sample volume	150 $\mu L$ to 1.5 mL, depending on cuvette used
Temperature range	4 to 100 °C with stability better than ±0.02 °C ***
Laser class	1
Laser class	1 685 nm with 45 mW
Laser class Laser Detection	1       685 nm with 45 mW       Single mode fiber with high performance APD. QE 65 %
Laser class Laser Detection Correlator	1685 nm with 45 mWSingle mode fiber with high performance APD. QE 65 %Two channel multiple tau, 12.5 ns to 1 h
Laser class Laser Detection Correlator	1685 nm with 45 mWSingle mode fiber with high performance APD. QE 65 %Two channel multiple tau, 12.5 ns to 1 hTwo channel linear tau with selectable lag time
Laser class Laser Detection Correlator Software	1685 nm with 45 mWSingle mode fiber with high performance APD. QE 65 %Two channel multiple tau, 12.5 ns to 1 hTwo channel linear tau with selectable lag timeIncluding microrheological analysis
Laser class Laser Detection Correlator Software Laboratory requirements	1685 nm with 45 mWSingle mode fiber with high performance APD. QE 65 %Two channel multiple tau, 12.5 ns to 1 hTwo channel linear tau with selectable lag timeIncluding microrheological analysis< 60 % relative humidity and T = 17 to 26 °C
Laser class Laser Detection Correlator Software Laboratory requirements Size	1685 nm with 45 mWSingle mode fiber with high performance APD. QE 65 %Two channel multiple tau, 12.5 ns to 1 hTwo channel linear tau with selectable lag timeIncluding microrheological analysis< 60 % relative humidity and T = 17 to 26 °C38 × 31 × 24 cm

\* The maximum range is sample dependent.

\*\* Requires backscattering mode.

\*\*\* A climate controlled room at or below 23 °C required to meet these specifications, for temperatures below the dew point a dry air source is required. (optional: 4 to 180 °C)



### Cuvettes

Seal your sample in the cuvette and characterize it over an extended period of time! You can choose between four different standard sizes of glass cuvettes (1 × 10 mm, 2 × 10 mm, 5 × 10 mm and 10 × 10 mm). Simply select the size that best suits your sample. If only small quantities of your sample are available, select the smallest cuvette and fill it with as little as 150  $\mu$ L. Standard disposable plastic cuvettes can also be used if you want to avoid cuvette cleaning and/or need sterile conditions.

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